

PRICE ONE CENT.

## THEY WANT MUSIC.

East-Siders Demand the Return of Itinerant Musicians.

Mayor Grant Receives Several Letters of Protest.

Brooklyn, Jersey and Even Boston Invaded by the Banished Street Bands.

"The piano-organist, he never would be missed."

This sang Koko, the most noble Lord High Executioner of Gilbert and Sullivan's "Mikado," and so thought Mayor Grant and the Board of Aldermen when the letter passed and the former signed the ordinance banishing itinerant musicians from the city.

Were they right?

A walling negative comes from the poor people on the east side, who declare that not only the piano-organist, but the little German band, is sadly missed by them.

The little children who used to dance to "The Same Old Tune" and "Johnny Procure Your Winchester," complain that half the fun of existence has departed from them with the sounding brass of the bands and the discordant notes of the piano-organ.

The parents also complain that they miss the music very much.

These people are not the only complainants at the exile of the bands by the City Fathers of Manhattan.

The inhabitants of the neighboring cities of Brooklyn and Jersey City are objecting vigorously because there has been a regular deluge of the alleged nuisance in their boroughs since the passage of the New York ordinance.

The ferries from New York to both cities are crowded with German bands and Italian organists every morning, and the streets of the two cities are filled with the sound of the instruments.

When questioned as to the probability of the repeal of the ordinance Mayor Grant said:

"I recommended the ordinance and it was adopted because of the numerous petitions for such action."

The matter was thoroughly discussed in the press at the time, and was pending before the Board of Aldermen for a long time.

During all this time, one protest was received by me.

It was not until the ordinance had become a law that I heard of any opposition, and that came in the form of two or three letters of protest.

Until the people more generally signify their desire to have this alleged nuisance inflicted upon them I shall not feel called upon to act in the matter.

## MARRIED TO TWO.

Mrs. Palmer's Marital Complications Lead Her Into Court.

A reminder of the matrimonial complications of Mrs. Eva Hamilton is found in the suit for absolute divorce brought by Frederick D. Palmer, of Rogers, Peet & Co., against his wife, Ruth Grace Palmer. The co-respondent in an ex-convict, named Thomas E. Hardman, who sets up the claim that he is the woman's real husband.

Hardman married Mrs. Palmer in Bridgeport, Conn., April 25, 1887, when he was known as Elijah C. Potter. A year later he was convicted of swindling a firm of tailors in Chicago and was sent to Joliet Prison. He was there a year.

Meantime his wife had drifted to New York and one evening met Mr. Palmer on Broadway. It was a case of love at first sight.

Unmindful of the fact that she was already married, she would not consent to a divorce. She would not consent to a divorce. She would not consent to a divorce.

One evening, she says, Hardman was lying on her bed apparently ill, when the door was burst open and Mr. Palmer entered with three friends. He then claimed that he had at last found the evidence necessary to enable him to get his divorce.

Mr. Palmer was then, so she alleges, doing everything in his power to get her to agree to a divorce. She would not consent to a divorce. She would not consent to a divorce.

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## IS IT A COMBINE?

Commissioners of Accounts Investigating the Leasing of Docks.

Private Piers Doing a Good Business to the Exclusion of City Docks.

Some Prominent Politicians Said to Be Involved in the Scandal.

The Commissioners of Accounts, with the assistance of Corporation Counsel Clark, are proceeding to-day with an investigation into the affairs of the Dock Department, in connection with the system of leasing the city's wharves, and are also trying to ascertain whether there has been any crooked work among the dockmasters.

It is rumored that many of the city's docks have been leased to prominent politicians, whose names do not appear in the papers. In order to make such a holding more profitable the dockmaster would also have to be in the scheme, and by his influence send a generous share of dockage to the private wharves, to the exclusion of city docks.

It is said to be a peculiar fact that some piers under private control do a rushing business, whereas others, including those controlled by the city, are unoccupied.

The particular pier now under investigation is No. 1 on the East River front.

William L. Smyth, who says he is the Hazelwood Ice Company, was a witness before the Commissioners to-day. He was backed by Lawyer Michael J. Kelly.

Corporation Counsel Clark was there, too, but Smyth was told about dates, figures and other facts, without the aid of his books, and the investigation was adjourned until Monday next.

According to Smyth a Thomas O'Brien came down from his home, somewhere up the Hudson, with letters of introduction to Civil Justice William H. Kelly in 1887.

He wanted a pier for his ice and coal business, but would not bid himself at the auction for the lease of pier 33, for fear that other and more powerful ice and coal companies would outbid him or run the rent up so high that he could not stand it.

So he gave a power of attorney to Judge Kelly and Judge Kelly signed the lease of the pier for O'Brien at \$1,000 a year.

Charles Boyle and Kaufman Worms went on O'Brien's boat, and Smyth appeared and occupied the pier, though the check for rent was signed by O'Brien.

Mr. Worms was for sixteen years an interpreter in the Sixth District Court, and Boyle is a clerk in the same court.

So by Smyth's story it is to be seen that O'Brien, as he is called, is a man of some standing. At that time, when the Dock Commissioners began the lease, Smyth could not have been a party to the transaction, for he was not in the city at that time.

He pointed out that Murray, Jewell, pier 31, East River, just above his pier, and that it was owned by John Murray, who was an employee of Dockmaster Frederick.

That pier was always full of boats, while the O'Brien pier and the neighboring piers, owned and operated by the city, did little or no business.

Commissioners of Accounts declare that what they have learned thus far is only a whiff of charges and counter charges, and they are not prepared to report anything. Interesting developments are looked for next week, however.

Commissioner Post said to an EVENING WORLD reporter this morning:

"All piers are sold at public auction, and there is no way by which any one could defraud the city, as the auction is held in strictest form."

"There might be a combination on outside who would get somebody else to bid and conduct the sale, but that is not the case."

"There could be nothing illegal in this, unless it was shown that the Dockmaster or some other employee of the Department was in the combine."

"I don't think that there has been any crooked work in the business, but if there has, I would like to see it exposed, that the guilty parties, if there be such, may be punished."

## ALEX. SULLIVAN RESTIVE.

He Asks to Be Released from His Bail in the Cronin Case.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Alexander Sullivan, who has been under heavy bonds since the Cronin's inquest in the Cronin case, is getting restive. To-day his attorney moved in Judge Baker's court that his client be discharged from bail.

The judge will hear the arguments on the matter at 2 o'clock to-morrow.

In the Cronin trial this morning, Capt. Schettler re-urged his motion on the stand.

Isaac O'Sullivan, he said, had admitted in a conversation with Capt. Schettler that he agreed to pay Dr. Cronin \$500 during the ice season to look after him, although his doctor and drug bill the year before for similar services had only been \$15 or \$18.

O'Sullivan had at first denied that he had had numerous telephone conversations with Dan Connelley, in one of which he spoke to Connelley about hiring a horse and buggy.

O'Sullivan had also denied belonging to the Clan-na-Gael, but afterwards admitted that he did.

## SHOT DOWN A WILD STEER.

A Roundsmen's Pistol Ends a Panic Among Pedestrians on Avenue B.

A panic was caused about 10.30 this forenoon at the corner of Twelfth street and Avenue B, by a wild Texas steer, which broke away from a herd which was being driven along the avenue.

Pedestrians scattered in every direction to seek places of safety, while the steer tore along on its frantic and very vicious.

Roundsmen O'Rourke, of the Fourteenth Precinct, however, put an end to the animal's mad career by sending a bullet through its heart.

## LAW IS HELPLESS.

Policeman Hogan's Dismissal Declared Cruel and Unjust but Legal.

He Took One Milk Punch When Exhausted and Famished.

After Being Thirty-six Hours on Duty in the Big Street-Car Tie-Up.

Judge Barrett's decision, that the dismissal of Policeman Matthew Hogan from the force, although legal, was "unjust, cruel and ruthless," may lead to that officer's reinstatement by the Board.

Hogan took one glass of liquor after having been thirty-six hours on duty during the last big street car tie-up, and it made him drunk.

The Police Commissioners put him on trial and discharged him, in spite of Hogan's proof that he was a sober man and that this was his first offense.

Hogan went to the Supreme Court and the Special Term sustained his dismissal. Then he took his case to the General Term.

Judges Van Brunt and Daniels, while saying that the dismissal was unjust, held that the General Term cannot reinstate Hogan.

Judge Barrett thinks the case comes within the provisions of the fifth subdivision of section 2,140 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and that the Court has power to remedy unjust sentences.

The drink which was the first Hogan had taken in fourteen years, Judge Barrett says, was not a passing indulgence. It was resorted to to sustain nature and enable his sick, famished and worn-out officer to continue the struggle which even his Sergeant humbly relieved him from.

"Hogan was dismissed," said Supt. Murray, to-day, "the facts in the case as presented to the General Term were too clear."

He was detailed to duty at the Sixth avenue car stables during the strike, and was put as an escort on the car intended to be run over the line, off, and was found to be so drunk that he could not stand it.

The Sergeant ordered him to the station-house.

He confessed afterwards that he was drunk, but proved that he had only taken one milk punch, which, owing to the fact that he had not eaten for a long time, he had drunk with regularity.

He made him irresponsible for his act.

Commissioners on the trial of the case sympathized with Hogan, but they had no alternative in the matter.

"The rule is a rule, long ago that either of two offenses—intoxication or being asleep on post and in uniform—should be punished with a fine."

"They found it impossible to make exception to this rule, as if they did it would be practically a vote to the force, and it might be found impracticable to carry out."

The Police Commissioners will at their next meeting be called to reinstate Hogan.

## OIL AT ITS HIGHEST.

Petroleum Runs Up to 1.15% on Change To-day.

Petroleum took another flight to-day and sold up from 1.09% to 1.15%, the highest price since October, 1885.

At that time the stock of oil above ground was 1,000,000 barrels, and it is now only 500,000 barrels.

The bulls were very chipper and talked of "do or die" and a quarter oil" before Thanksgiving.

## Hummered Iron and Blown Brass.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 7.—If the International Congress had any doubt respecting the truth of the statement that the iron is being "blown" it was effectually set at rest to-day. Delegate Andrew Carnegie joined the party for the first time to-day and took part in the blowing of the iron.

The blowing of the iron is a very old work. A pleasant feature of the entire exhibition was the brass bands which furnished music at the mills and which are composed entirely of men.

## PLODDING ALONG.

Nearing the Third Million of the Guarantee Fund of \$5,000,000.

Over \$113,000 Pledged Through "The World's" Canvassers.

Central Park's Fate Not Yet Decided by the Site Committee.

A big list was given to the \$5,000,000 Guarantee Fund of the World's Fair in the shape of over \$100,000 subscribed yesterday through various channels.

This was not as large as expected, however, but the decision regarding the use of Central Park is looked upon as a potent factor in the matter of subscriptions.

At the meeting of the Committee on Sites this afternoon Chairman Cooper reported that after a conference with the Board of Government of the New York Hospital yesterday the latter agreed to give the World's Fair the use of the Bloomingdale Asylum grounds at a moderate rental.

Their land consists of about thirty acres, the principal part of which lies between One Hundred and Sixteenth and One Hundred and Twentieth streets, and between the Boulevard and Tenth avenue.

The report was accepted.

Mr. Flower then offered a resolution by which he substituted for the two submitted yesterday by himself and Mr. Chander.

It was in substance that the World's Fair site be fixed on what is known as the Riverside and Mornington parks and the lands between them, and those included between One Hundred and Tenth and One Hundred and Thirteenth streets, north of Central Park.

A meeting of the American Institute last night, \$100,000 was appropriated for the Fair, and a committee appointed to go to Bloomingdale to have a bill passed, enabling the Institute to appropriate the amount.

The books this morning show the following record:

Thursday, Oct. 24.....\$100,000  
Friday, Oct. 25.....250,000  
Saturday, Oct. 26.....150,000  
Sunday, Oct. 27.....100,000  
Monday, Oct. 28.....100,000  
Tuesday, Oct. 29.....100,000  
Wednesday, Oct. 30.....100,000  
Thursday, Nov. 1.....100,000  
Friday, Nov. 2.....100,000  
Saturday, Nov. 3.....100,000  
Sunday, Nov. 4.....100,000  
Monday, Nov. 5.....100,000  
Tuesday, Nov. 6.....100,000  
Wednesday, Nov. 7.....100,000  
Thursday, Nov. 8.....100,000  
Friday, Nov. 9.....100,000  
Saturday, Nov. 10.....100,000  
Sunday, Nov. 11.....100,000  
Monday, Nov. 12.....100,000  
Tuesday, Nov. 13.....100,000  
Wednesday, Nov. 14.....100,000  
Thursday, Nov. 15.....100,000  
Friday, Nov. 16.....100,000  
Saturday, Nov. 17.....100,000  
Sunday, Nov. 18.....100,000  
Monday, Nov. 19.....100,000  
Tuesday, Nov. 20.....100,000  
Wednesday, Nov. 21.....100,000  
Thursday, Nov. 22.....100,000  
Friday, Nov. 23.....100,000  
Saturday, Nov. 24.....100,000  
Sunday, Nov. 25.....100,000  
Monday, Nov. 26.....100,000  
Tuesday, Nov. 27.....100,000  
Wednesday, Nov. 28.....100,000  
Thursday, Nov. 29.....100,000  
Friday, Nov. 30.....100,000  
Saturday, Dec. 1.....100,000  
Sunday, Dec. 2.....100,000  
Monday, Dec. 3.....100,000  
Tuesday, Dec. 4.....100,000  
Wednesday, Dec. 5.....100,000  
Thursday, Dec. 6.....100,000  
Friday, Dec. 7.....100,000  
Saturday, Dec. 8.....100,000  
Sunday, Dec. 9.....100,000  
Monday, Dec. 10.....100,000  
Tuesday, Dec. 11.....100,000  
Wednesday, Dec. 12.....100,000  
Thursday, Dec. 13.....100,000  
Friday, Dec. 14.....100,000  
Saturday, Dec. 15.....100,000  
Sunday, Dec. 16.....100,000  
Monday, Dec. 17.....100,000  
Tuesday, Dec. 18.....100,000  
Wednesday, Dec. 19.....100,000  
Thursday, Dec. 20.....100,000  
Friday, Dec. 21.....100,000  
Saturday, Dec. 22.....100,000  
Sunday, Dec. 23.....100,000  
Monday, Dec. 24.....100,000  
Tuesday, Dec. 25.....100,000  
Wednesday, Dec. 26.....100,000  
Thursday, Dec. 27.....100,000  
Friday, Dec. 28.....100,000  
Saturday, Dec. 29.....100,000  
Sunday, Dec. 30.....100,000  
Monday, Dec. 31.....100,000

Grand total.....\$2,022,573

Over \$10,000 was pledged to THE WORLD'S FAIR canvassers yesterday in sums as per the following table:

Previously acknowledged.....\$108,713

124th St. Co., dry goods dealer, 1,000

August Kelly, wholesale dealer, 1,000

Leah Van Cough, liquor dealer, 1,000

Ernest Kacibie, 278 Lenox ave., 100

J. M. Sautler, grocer, 230 Lenox ave., 50

Joseph Zwilling, cigars and tobacco, 292 Lenox ave., 50

John Fetterer, provision dealer, 260 Lenox ave., 1,000

George Ohlndt, wines and liquors, 260 Lenox ave., 500

A. H. Hildebrandt, Twelfth Ward Sta. les, cor. 117th and 2d ave., 100

Christian Kautner, baker, 287 Lenox ave., 500

John Schepher, grocer, 2407 2d ave., 500

Piper & O'Haver, liquors, 37 and 39 East 110th st., 2,500

George B. Tredder, liquors, 1847 Broadway, 2,000

George S. Gardner, Central Bridge Hotel, 500

William Woods, Physical and Gymnastic Apparatus, 25 West 125th st., 100

James Gray, Central Bakery, 1836 1st ave., 100

## WILD SCENE IN COURT.

A Prisoner at Law Driven to Frenzies by a Verdict of Guilty.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 8.—There was a scene of wild excitement in the Superior Court room this morning.

For almost a week John Booth, a prominent citizen, has been on trial, charged with assaulting a twelve-year-old girl.

This morning the foreman of the jury announced a verdict of guilty, and hardly were the words out of his mouth before Mr. Booth, the defendant's wife, fell in a dead faint.

Booth himself, with a shout of defiance, dashed his head rapidly against the mahogany railing and against the other prisoners in the dock.

Women in the room fainted and men rushed about in all directions, shouting as if mad.

## HURLED 50 FEET.

Six Laborers Fall with a Scaffold at Blackwell's Island.

Six men were the victims of a terrible accident at Blackwell's Island to-day.

The extent of their injuries is not definitely known, but from the nature of the accident it is probable that some of them, if not all, received fatal injuries.

There has been a good deal of repairing of the buildings on the island, and these men were employed on the building occupied as a lunatic asylum.

They used a swinging scaffold, and six of them were at work on the outside of the building some fifty feet from the ground.

At 10.30 this morning the officers of the institution who were on duty outside the building were horrified to see the scaffolding give way.

There is no telephonic nor telegraphic communication with the city, and when an Evans-Wood reporter called at the Department of Charles and Correction Commissioner Porter was unable to give anything more than a meagre account of the accident.

The injured men, he said, were cared for at the Charity Hospital.

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